

*M'Chigeeng will vote on its Land Code on September 3, 2016. In order for the M'Chigeeng MRP law to continue to apply after the Land Code is in effect, some changes will need to be made to the MRP law. Below are the changes that would be made to the MRP law, if the Land Code passes. With these changes, the MRP law would then automatically be considered for reenactment under the Land Code.*

***M'Chigeeng Anishinabek Matrimonial Real Property Law***

DRAFT AMENDMENTS FOR ENACTMENT UNDER THE LAND CODE – March 10, 2016

**WHEREAS** M'Chigeeng Anishinabek have assumed control of its reserve lands and resources pursuant to the *Framework Agreement on First Nations Land Management*, and have enacted the *M'Chigeeng First Nation Land Management Code*, which came into effect on September 3, 2016;

**WHEREAS** M'Chigeeng Anishinabek pursuant to the M'Chigeeng First Nation Land Management Code are committed to enacting a matrimonial real property law to provide rules and procedures applicable on the breakdown of marriage to the use, occupancy and possession of M'Chigeeng Anishinabek Land; the division of Interests in that Land; and the division of the value of improvements in that Land;

REPLACE 9<sup>th</sup> preambular phrase:

**WHEREAS** M'Chigeeng Anishinabek is not subject to the *Family Homes on Reserves and Matrimonial Interests or Rights Act (Canada)*;

REPLACE Section 3.0 Definitions of "Lands" and "Ojibwe Tribunal":

"Land" or "M'Chigeeng First Nation Land" means all reserve Land that is subject to this *Land Code*; as per the Individual Agreement & boundaries map No. TBD

"Ojibwe Tribunal" means the Tribunal established under Part 8 of the Land Code.

DELETE Section 11.0 Amendment and Repeal provisions